

$T-1^3/4$ (5 mm), T-1 (3 mm), Low **Current LED Lamps**

Technical Data

HLMP-4700, -4719, -4740 HLMP-1700, -1719, -1790

Features

- Low Power
- High Efficiency
- CMOS-MOS Compatible
- TTL Compatible
- Wide Viewing Angle
- Choice of Package Styles
- Choice of Colors

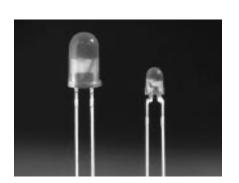
Applications

- Low Power DC Circuits
- Telecommunications **Indicators**

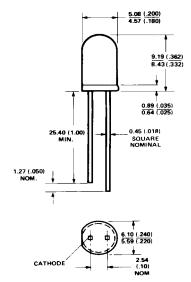
- Portable Equipment
- Keyboard Indicators

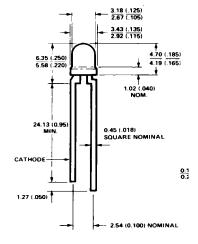
Description

These tinted diffused LED lamps are designed and optimized specifically for low DC current operation. Luminous intensity and forward voltage are tested at 2 mA to assure consistent brightness at TTL output current levels.



Package Dimensions





- NOTES:

 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES (INCHES).

 2. AN EPOXY MINISCUS MAY EXTEND ABOUT
- 1 mm (0.040") DOWN THE LEADS.

HLMP-4700, -4719, -4740

HLMP-1700, -1719, -1790

 \mathbf{B}

5964-9371E

Low Current Lamp Selection Guide

| | Color | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Size | HER Yellow HLMP- HLMP- | | Green HLMP- | | | |
| T-1 ³ /4 | 4700 | 4719 | 4740 | | | |
| T-1 | 1700 | 1719 | 1790 | | | |

Axial Luminous Intensity and Viewing Angle @ $25^{\circ}\!\mathrm{C}$

| Part | | | I _V (mcd) @ 2 mA DC | | | D 1 . |
|----------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Number HLMP- | Package Description | Color | Min. | Тур. | $2\theta^{1/2}$ [1] | Package Outline |
| 4700 4719 4740 | T-1 ³ / ₄ Tinted Diffused | Red Yellow Green | 1.3 0.9 1.0 | 2.3 2.1 2.3 | 50° | A |
| 1700 1719 1790 | T-1 Tinted Diffused | Red Yellow Green | 0.8 0.9 1.0 | 2.1 1.6 2.1 | 50° | В |

Note:

^{1.} $\theta^1/2$ is the typical off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

Electrical/Optical Characteristics at $T_A = 25$ °C

| Symbol | Description | T-1 ³ / ₄ | T-1 | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| $V_{ m F}$ | Forward Voltage | 4700 4719 4740 | 1700 1719 1790 | | 1.8 1.9 1.8 | 2.0 2.5 2.2 | V | 2 mA |
| V _R | Reverse Breakdown Voltage | 4700 4719 4740 | 1700 1719 1790 | 5.0 5.0 5.0 | | | V | $I_R = 50 \mu A$ |
| $\lambda_{ m d}$ | Dominant Wavelength | 4700 4719 4740 | 1700 1719 1790 | | 626 585 569 | | nm | Note 1 |
| $\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$ | Spectral Line Halfwidth | 4700 4719 4740 | 1700 1719 1790 | | 40 36 28 | | nm | |
| $	au_{ m S}$ | Speed of Response | 4700 4719 4740 | 1700 1719 1790 | | 90 90 500 | | ns | |
| С | Capacitance | 4700 4719 4740 | 1700 1719 1790 | | 11 15 18 | | pF | $V_F = 0,$ f = 1 MHz |
| $R\theta_{	ext{J-PIN}}$ | Thermal Resistance | 4700 4719 4740 | 1700 1719 1790 | | 260 ^[3] 290 ^[4] | | °C/W | Junction to Cathode Lead |
| $\lambda_{	ext{PEAK}}$ | Peak Wavelength | 4700 4719 4740 | 1700 1719 1790 | | 635 583 565 | | nm | Measurement at peak |
| $\eta_{ m V}$ | Luminous Efficacy | 4700 4719 4740 | 1700 1719 1790 | | 145 500 595 | | lumens watt | Note 2 |

Notes:

^{1.} The dominant wavelength, λ_d , is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

^{2.} The radiant intensity, I_e , in watts per steradian, may be found from the equation $I_e = I_V/\eta_V$, where I_V is the luminous intensity in candelas and η_V is luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.

^{3.} T-1³/₄.

^{4.} T-1.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Maxim | Units | | | |
|---|------------------------|----------------------------------|----|--|--|
| Power Dissipation (Derate linearly from 92°C at 1.0 mA/°C) | Red Yellow Green | 24 36 24 | mW | | |
| DC and Peak Forward Current | , | mA | | | |
| Transient Forward Current (10 µs Pulse) ^[1] | 50 | mA | | | |
| Reverse Voltage ($I_R = 50 \mu A$) | 5 | V | | | |
| Operating Temperature Range | Red/Yellow Green | -55°C to 100°C -20°C to 100°C | | | |
| Storage Temperature Range | -55°C to +100°C | | | | |
| Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from body] | 260°C for 5 seconds | | | | |

Note:

^{1.} The transient peak current is the maximum non-recurring peak current the devices can withstand without damaging the LED die and wire bonds. It is not recommended that the device be operated at peak currents beyond the Absolute Maximum Peak Forward Current.

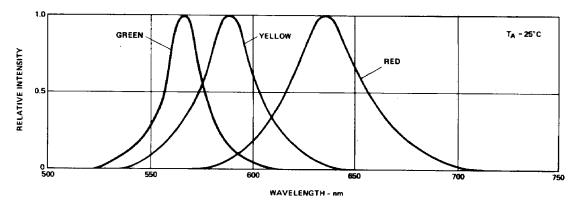


Figure 1. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength.

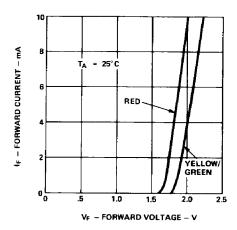


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage.

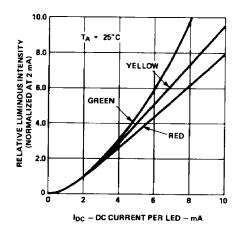
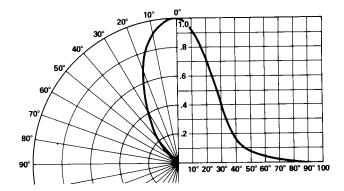


Figure 3. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current.



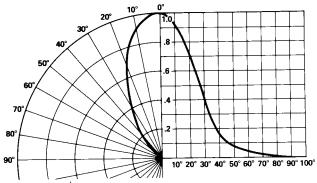


Figure 4. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement for T-1 $^3\!/\!_4$ Lamp.

Figure 5. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement for T-1 Lamp.